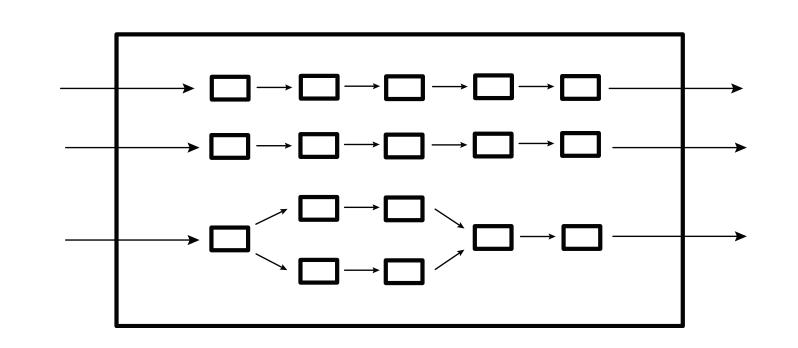
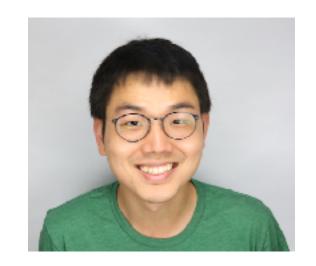
# Peekaboo

A Hub-Based Approach to Enable Transparency in Data Processing within Smart Homes





**Haojian Jin** 



Gram Liu



David Hwang



Swarun Kumar



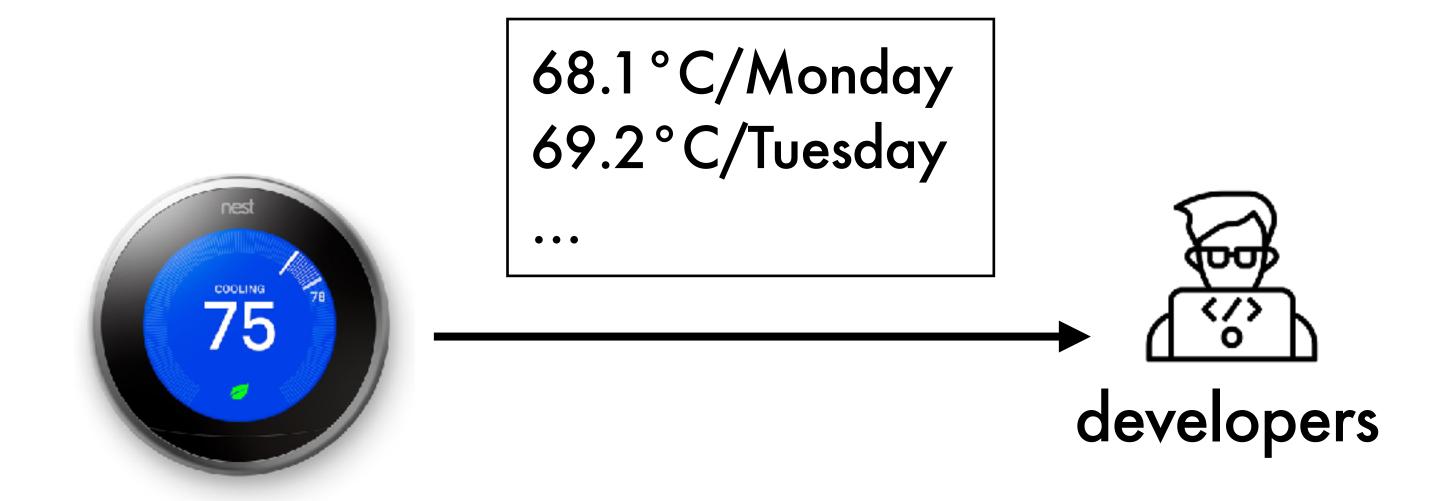
Yuvraj Agarwal



Jason Hong



# How can Nest prove that they only collect aggregated data?



Open source?

## Your TV watch history contains too much insights





25 hours/week

How much time does the user spend on the TV?

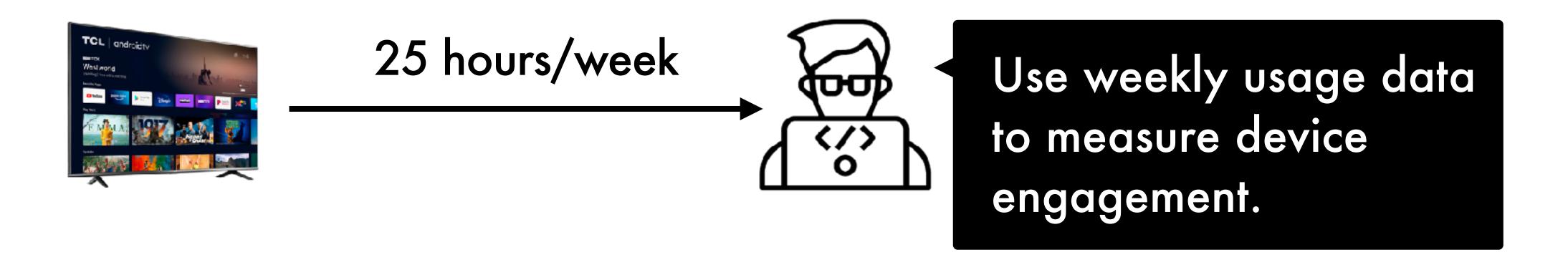
- Is the user at home
- Activity routine
- User interests

•

doot

#### Best practice

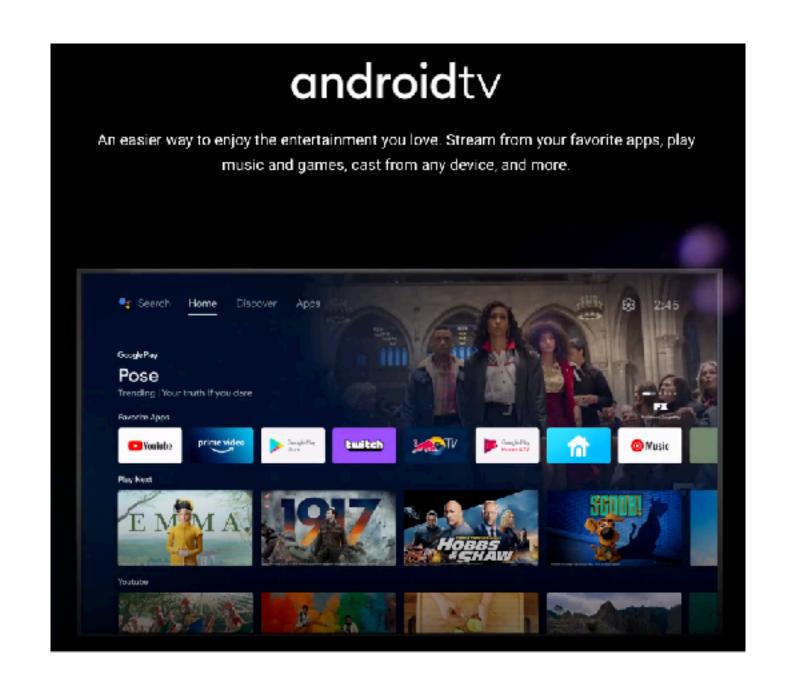
# Only collect the necessary data for a specific purpose.



- Is the user at home
- Activity routine
- User interests
- ....

How can developers prove themselves?

# A strawman solution: fine-grained permission manifest



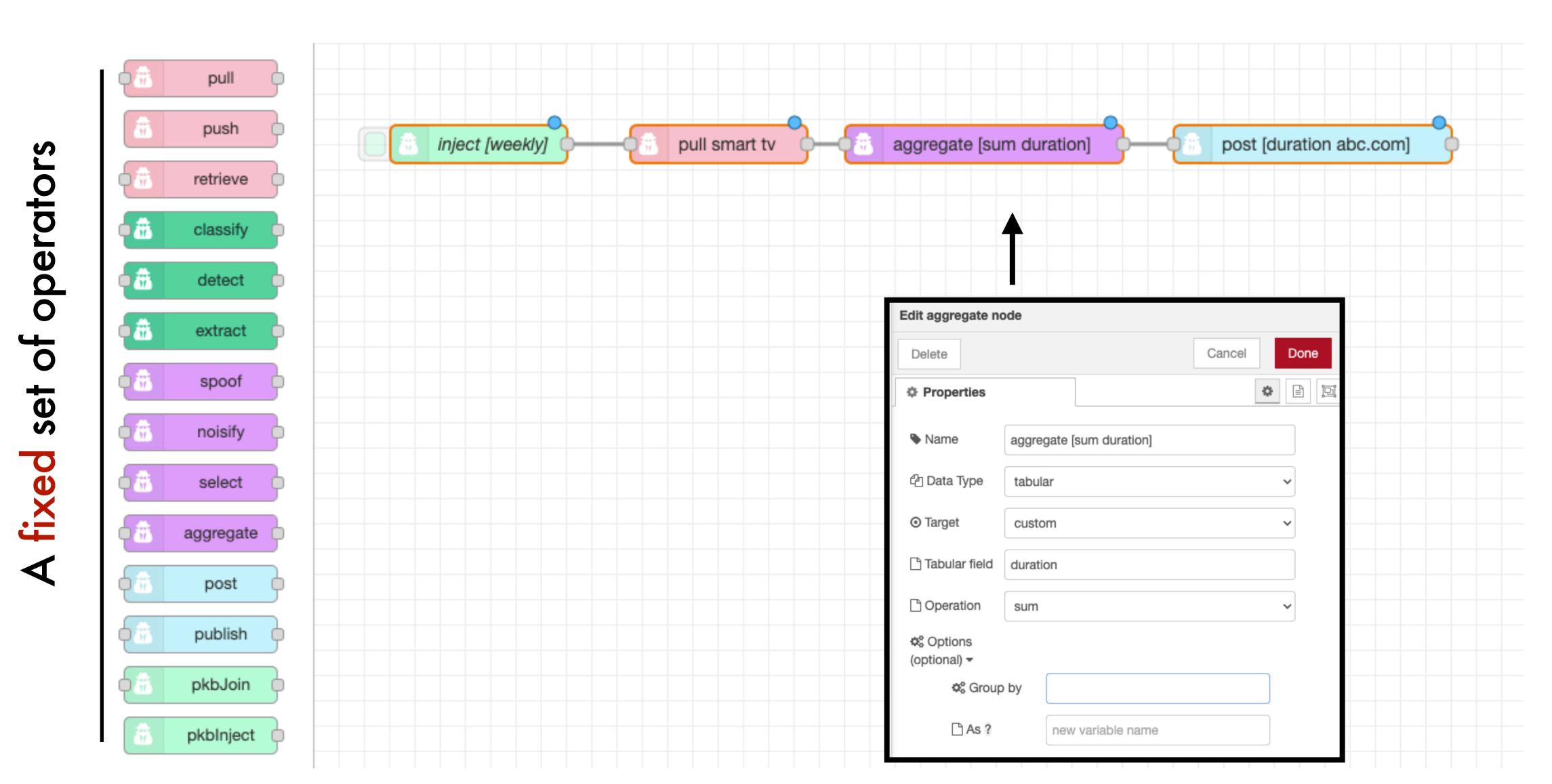
```
<manifest ...>
  <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.
    TV_AGGREGATED_DURATION_WEEKLEY" />
  <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.
    TV_AGGREGATED_DURATION_DAILY" />
    ......
</manifest>
```

https://www.android.com/tv/

Fine-grained permission manifest

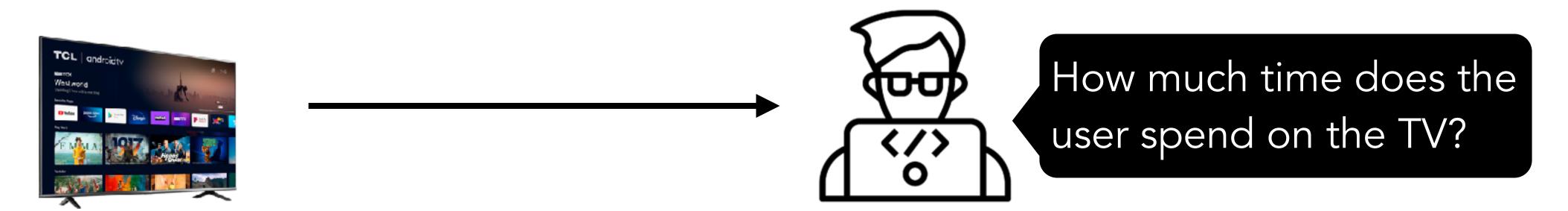
#### Peekaboo primitive (1)

# Program pre-processing functions using chainable operators



#### Peekaboo primitive (2)

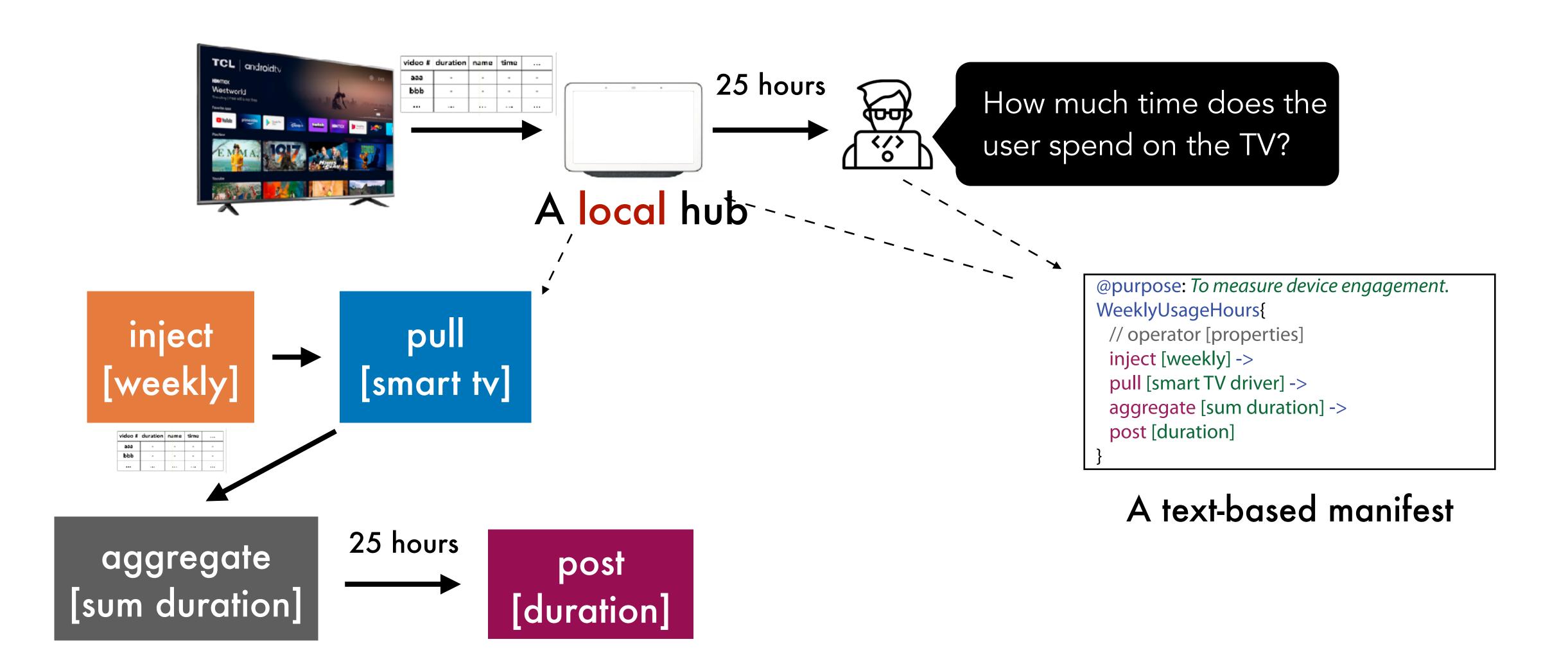
#### A text-based whitelist manifest (i.e., program representation)



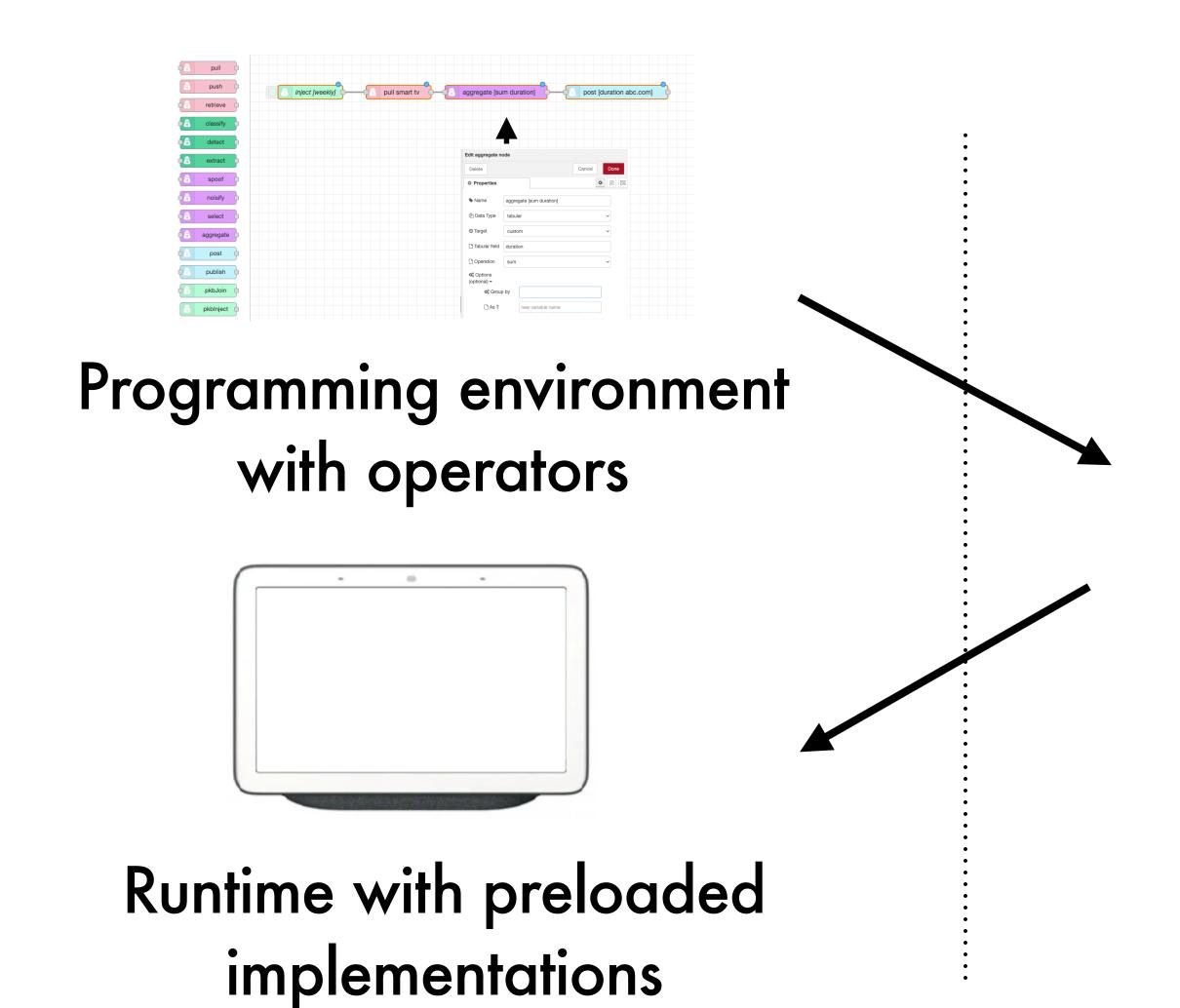
```
@purpose: To measure device engagement.
WeeklyUsageHours{
    // operator [properties]
    inject [weekly] ->
    pull [smart TV driver] ->
    aggregate [sum duration] ->
    post [duration]
}
```

#### Peekaboo primitive (3)

# A trusted runtime with pre-loaded implementations



#### Smart home app store



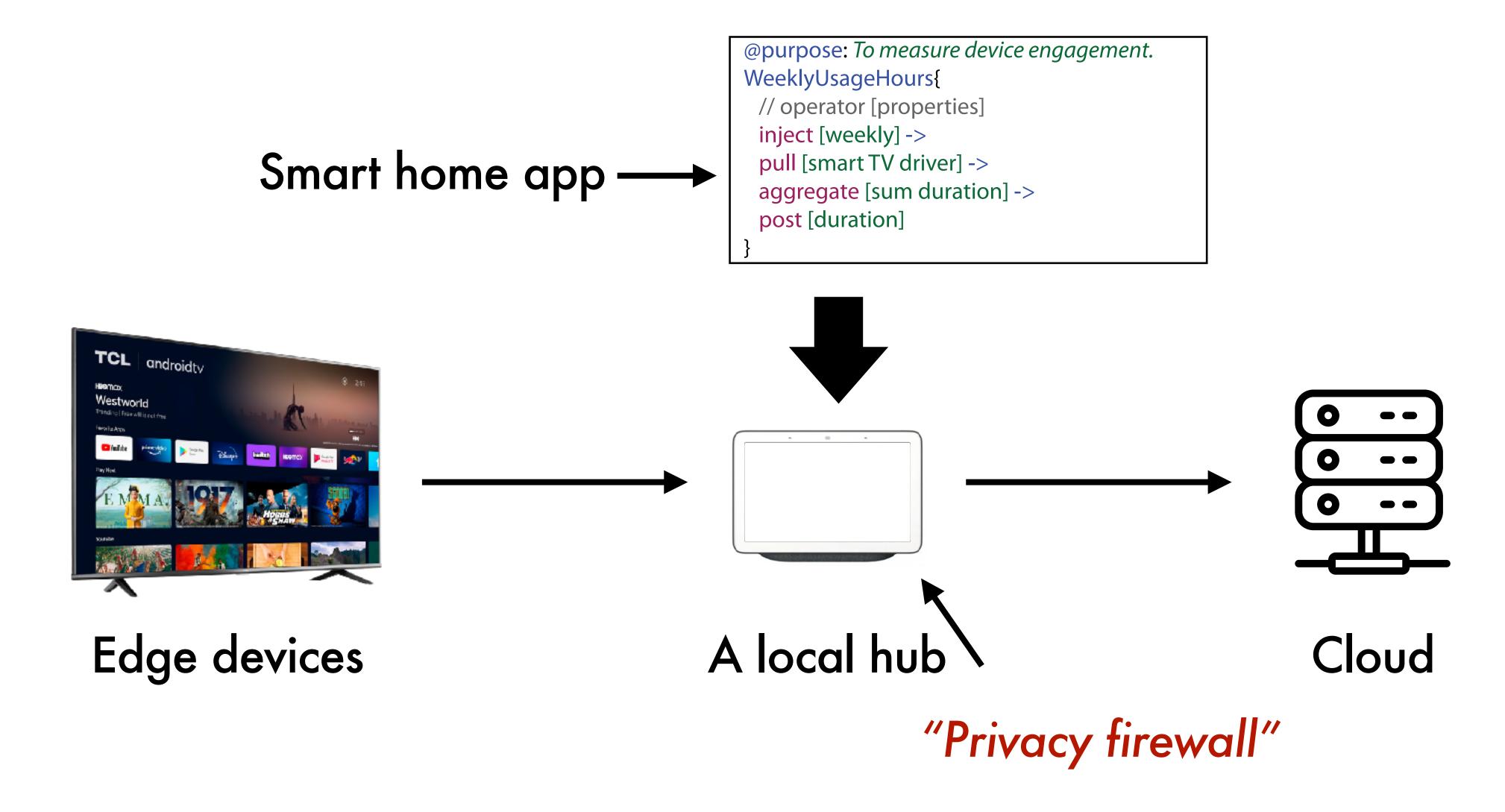
#### App developers

```
@purpose: To measure device engagement.
WeeklyUsageHours{
   // operator [properties]
   inject [weekly] ->
   pull [smart TV driver] ->
   aggregate [sum duration] ->
   post [duration]
}
```

Manifest

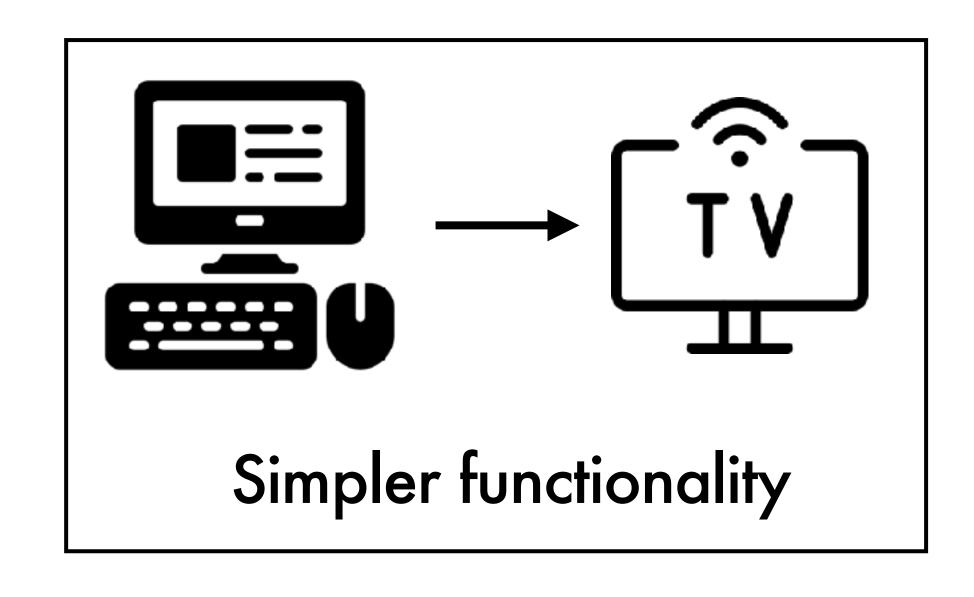
#### Peekaboo adoption

# Smart home app store



#### Peekaboo v.s. Firewall (1)

### Developers declare purposes explicitly.



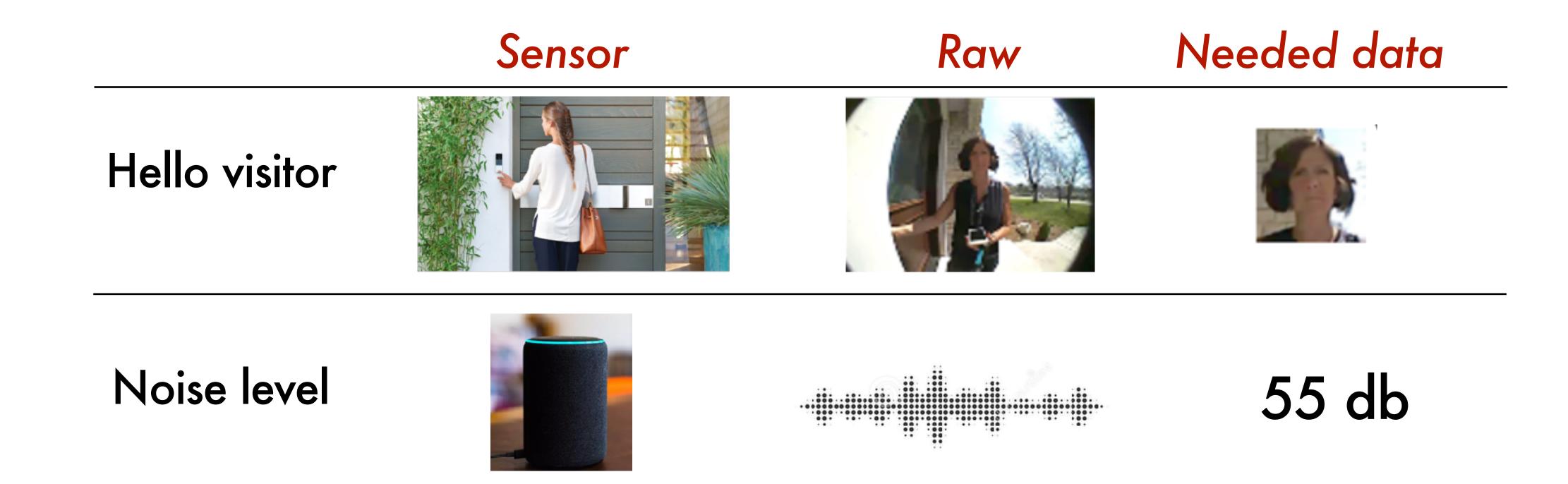
@purpose: To measure device engagement.
WeeklyUsageHours{
p p p

Whitelist-only

Developer-in-the-loop

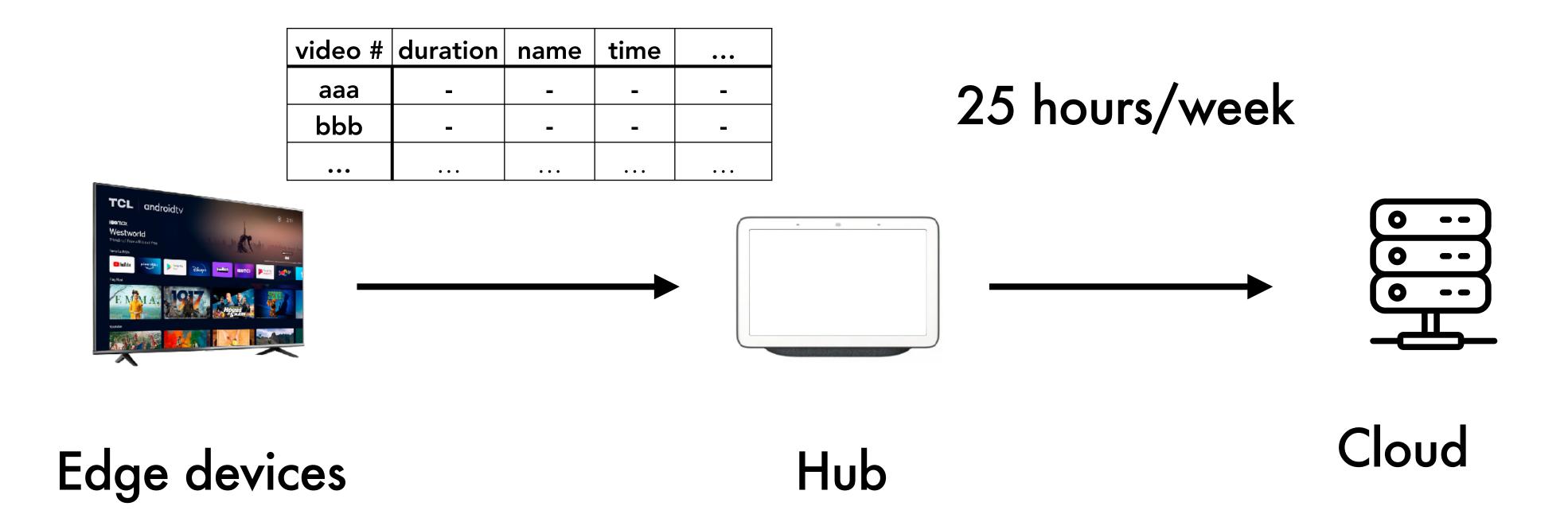
#### Insight #2

# 77% Apps do not need raw data.

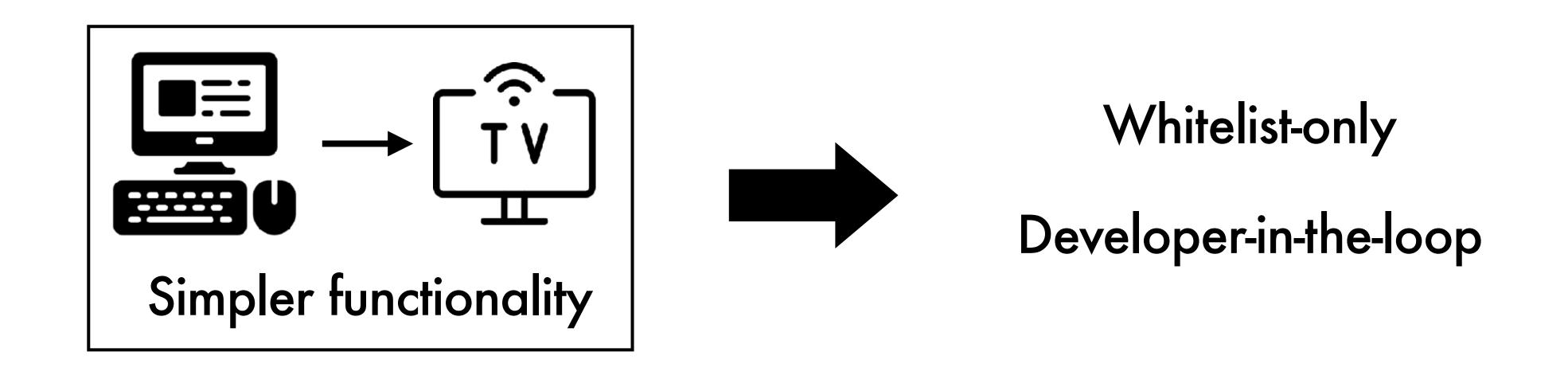


#### Peekaboo v.s. Firewall #2

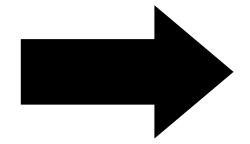
## Pre-process users' data to mitigate data overaccess.



### Recap: Peekaboo v.s. Firewall

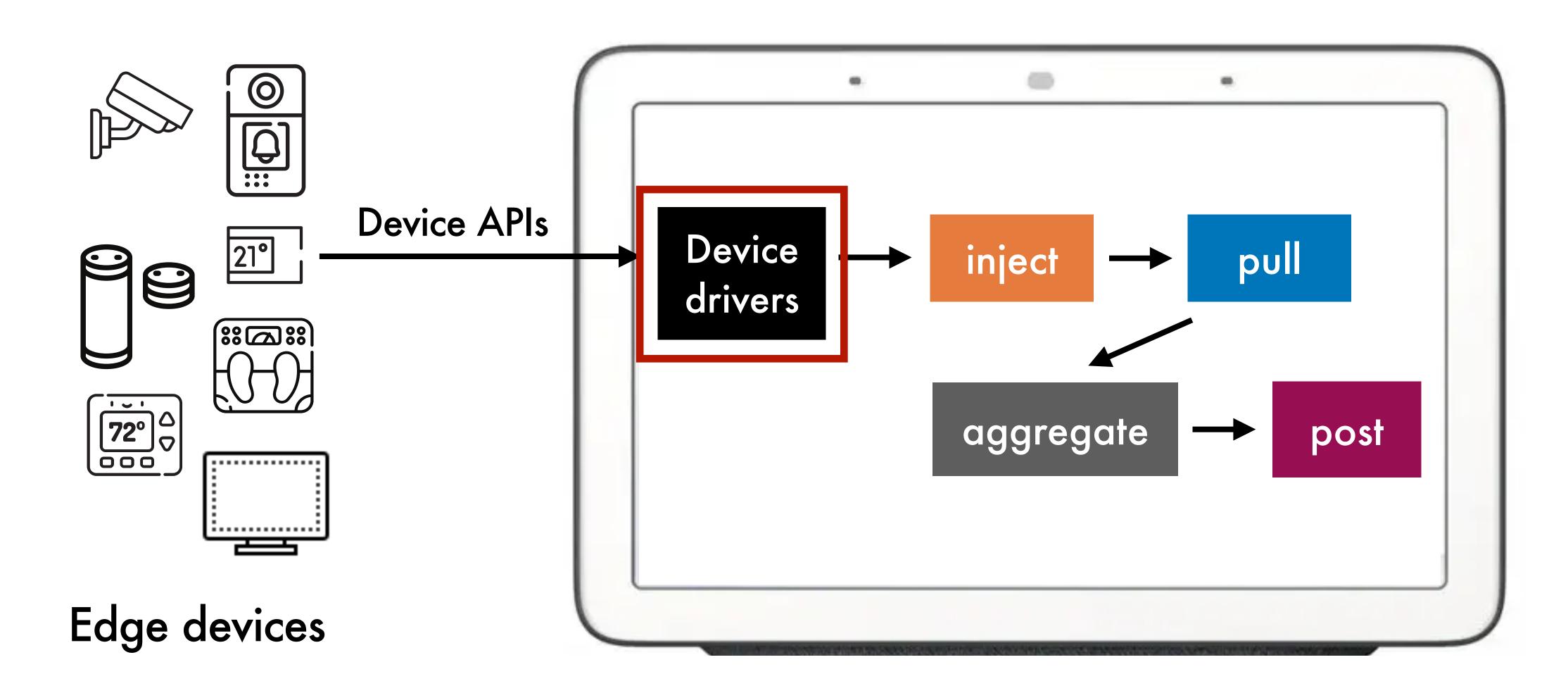


77% Apps do not need raw data.



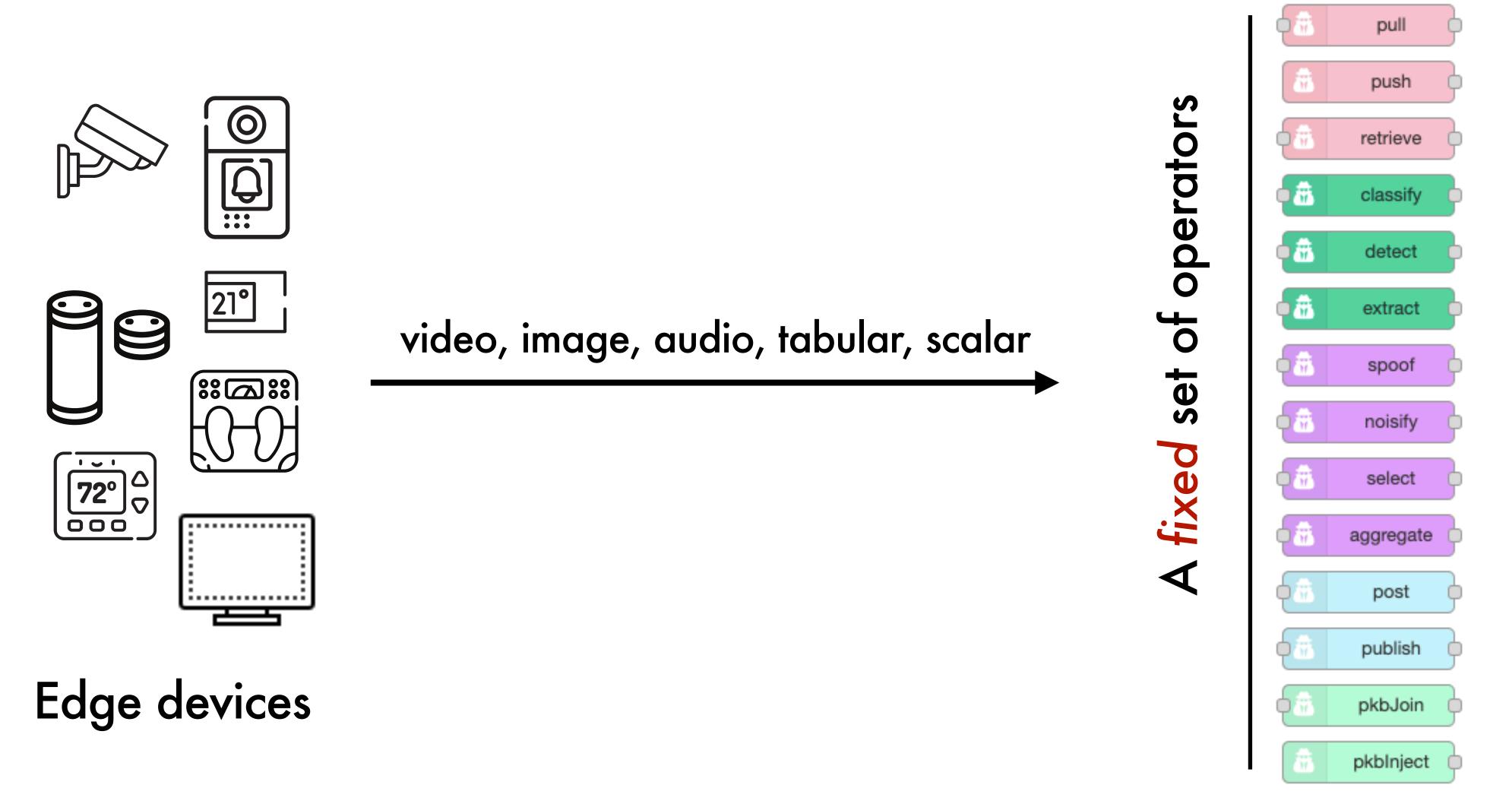
Pre-process users' data

## Handle heterogeneous hardware with device drivers



#### How Peekaboo works

## A fixed set of operators

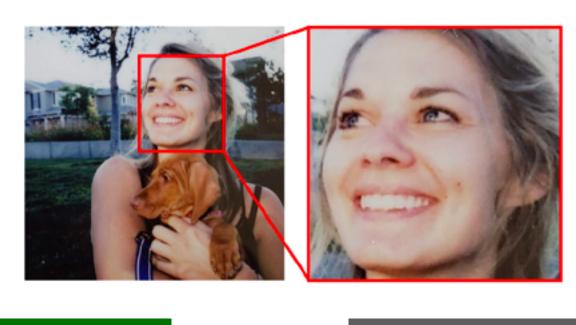


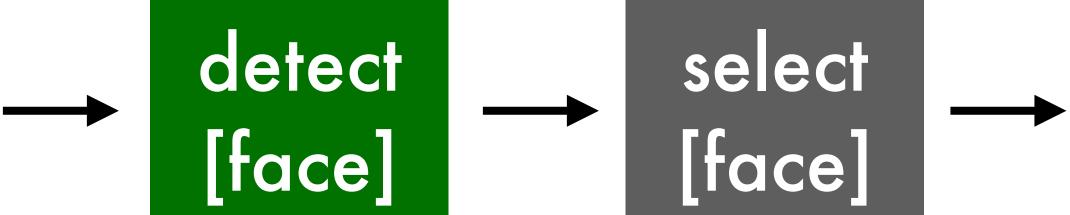
#### How Peekaboo works

# An operator = A verb keyword

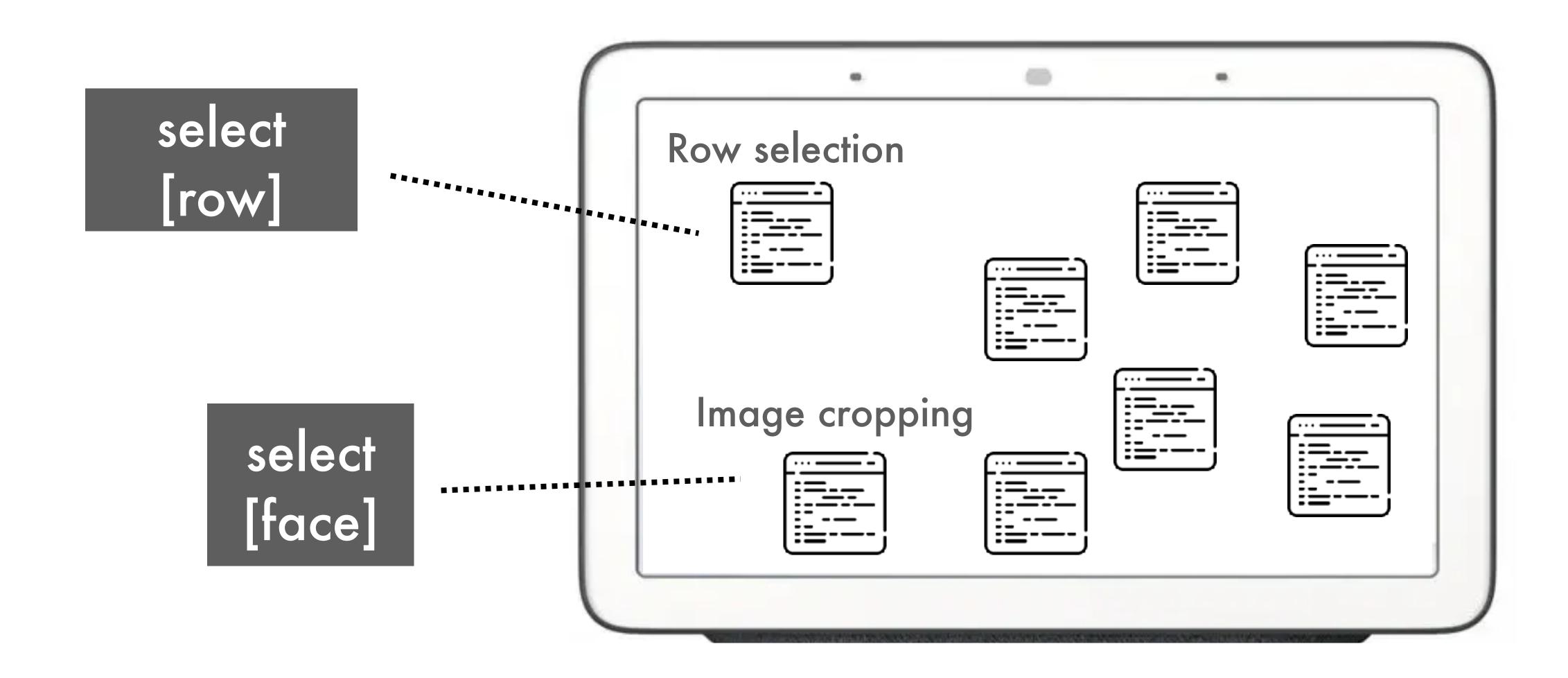
# select [row]

	product_id	product_name	inventory_received	starting_inventory	inventory_on_hand	minimum_required
1	2	Booth	29pcs	27pcs	56pcs	20pcs
2	3	Maclean	23pkts	25pkts	48pkts	25pkts
3	4	Closeup	24pkts	25pkts	49pkts	25pkts



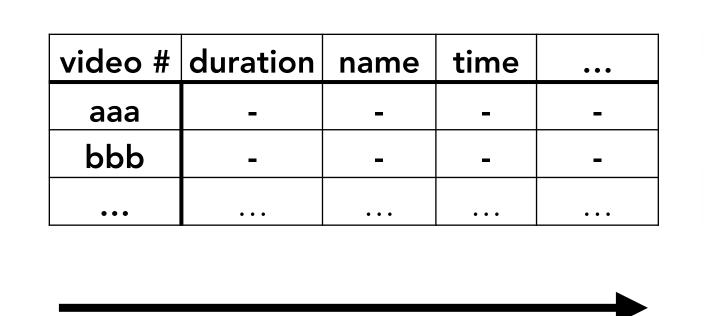


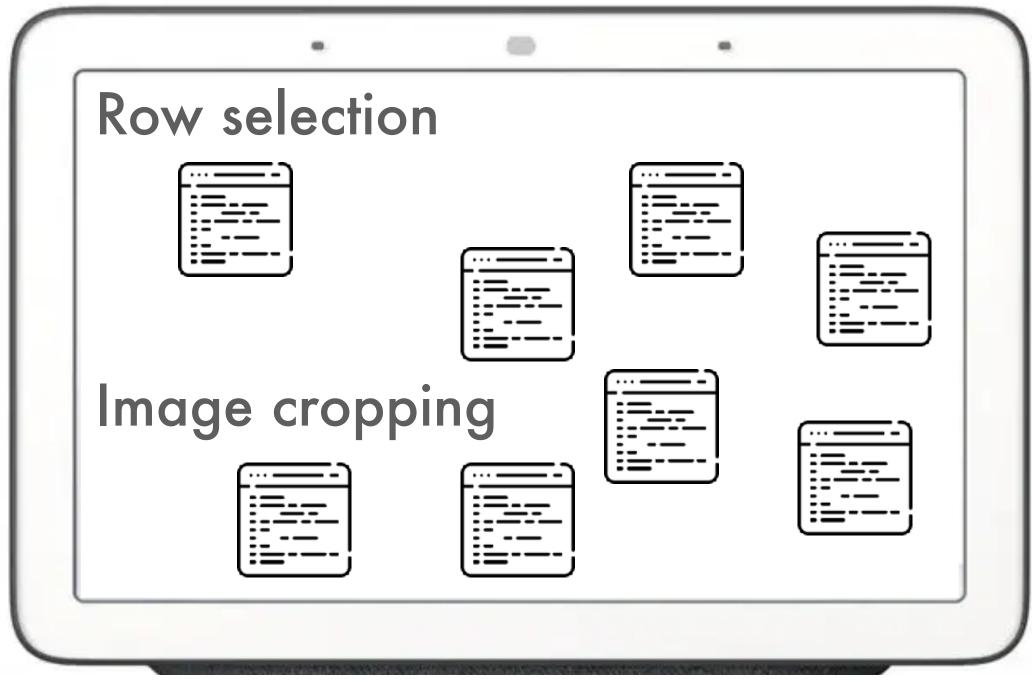
# Operators are mapped to pre-loaded implementations



#### How Peekaboo works

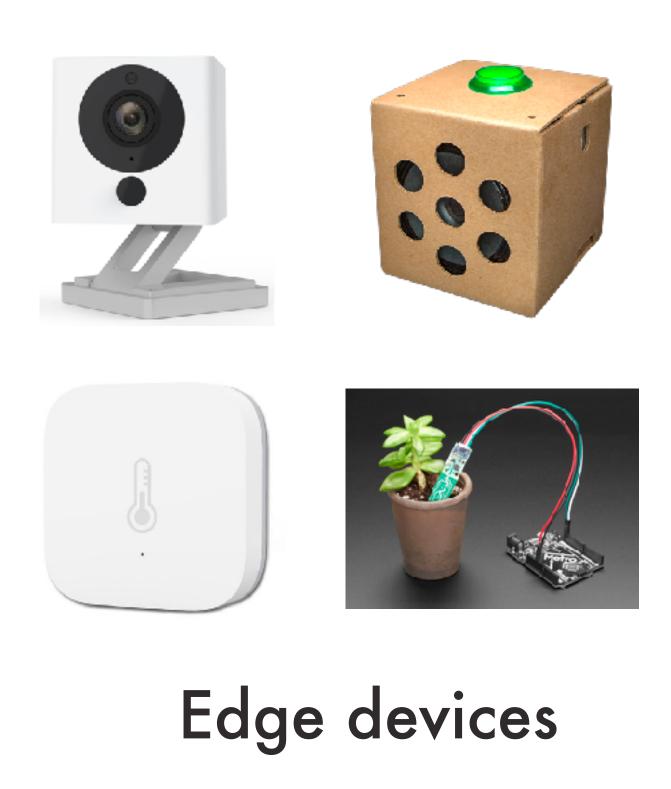
# A small set of pre-processing algorithms improve privacy

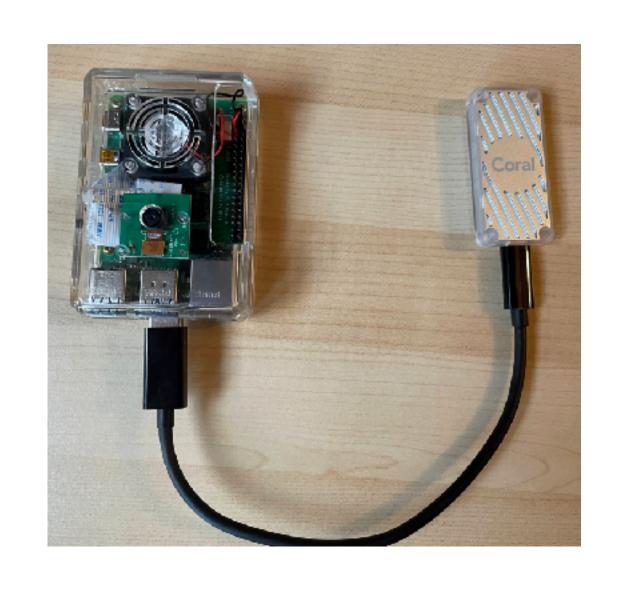




25 hours/week

## Implementation (hardware)





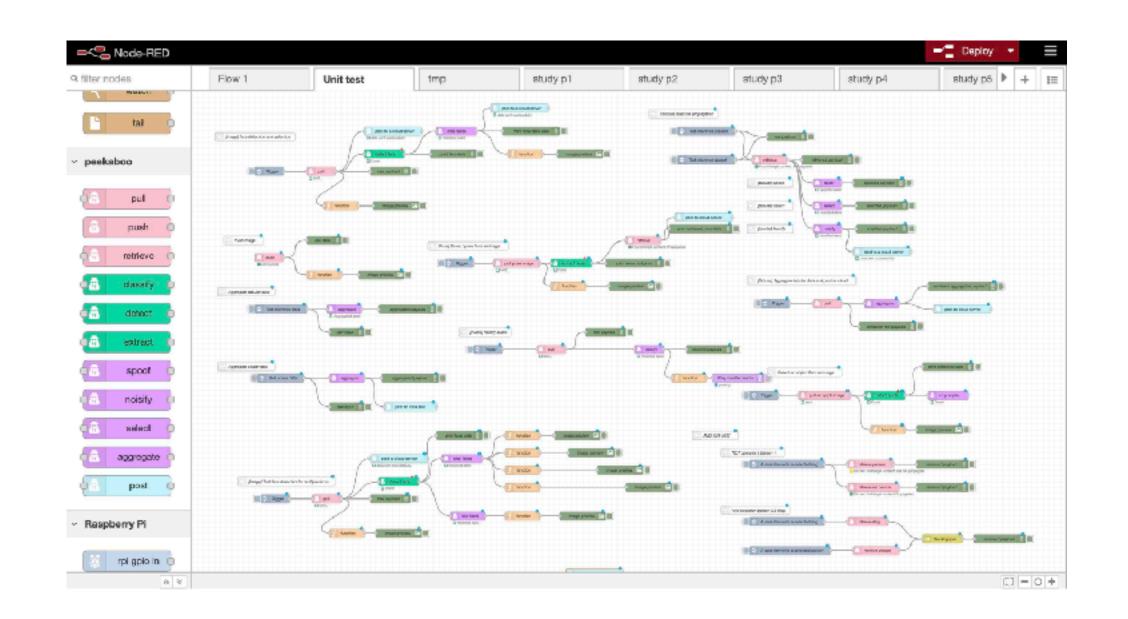


Raspberry PI + TPU

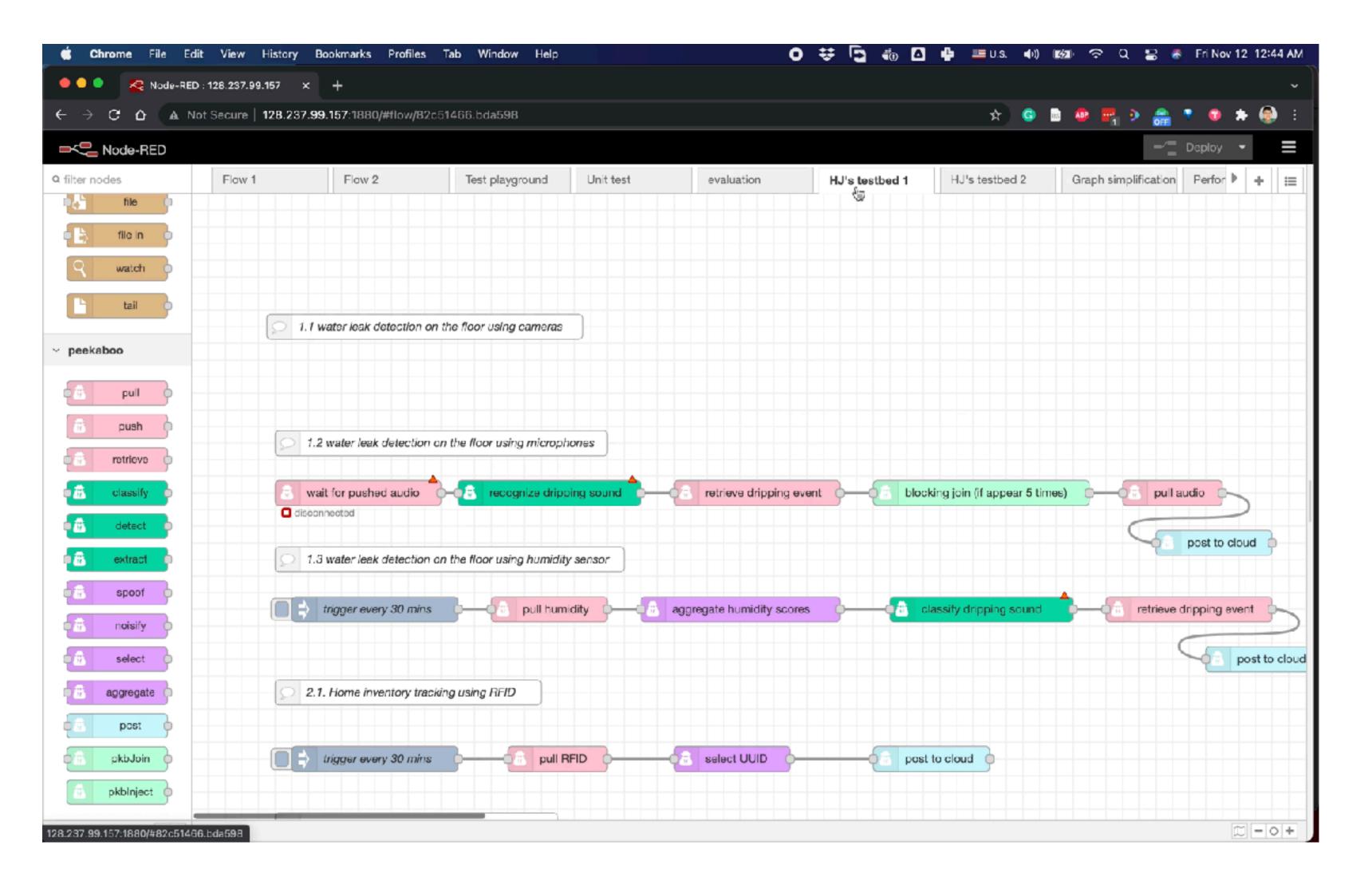
Cloud

#### Implementation (software)

- 1. Operators: Node.JS package
- 2. Programming IDE: NodeRed
- 3. Drivers: 5 data types
- 4. 23 Preloaded implementations

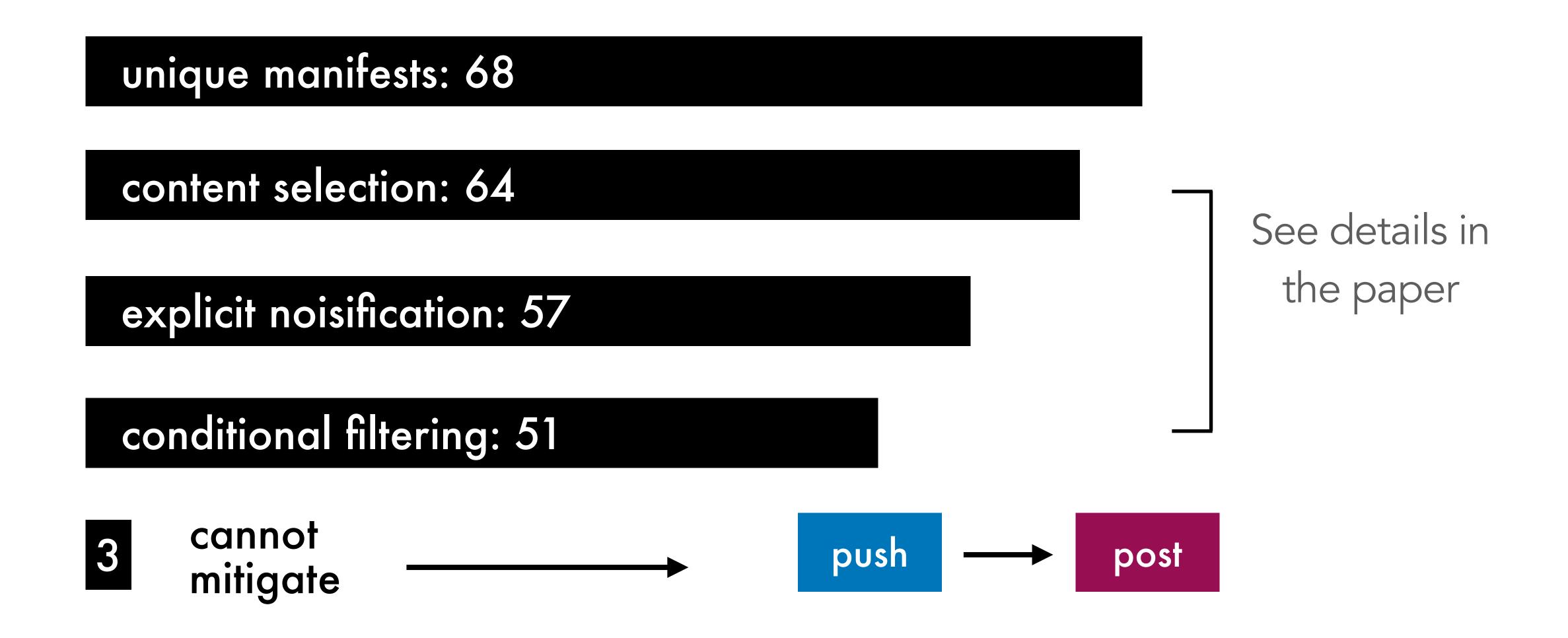


#### Expressiveness (200+ smart home cases)



#### Evaluation (expressiveness)

#### Data overaccess mitigation breakdown



# System performance



**≈\$100** 

25 inference/s

100 filtering/s

1-80 ms per request

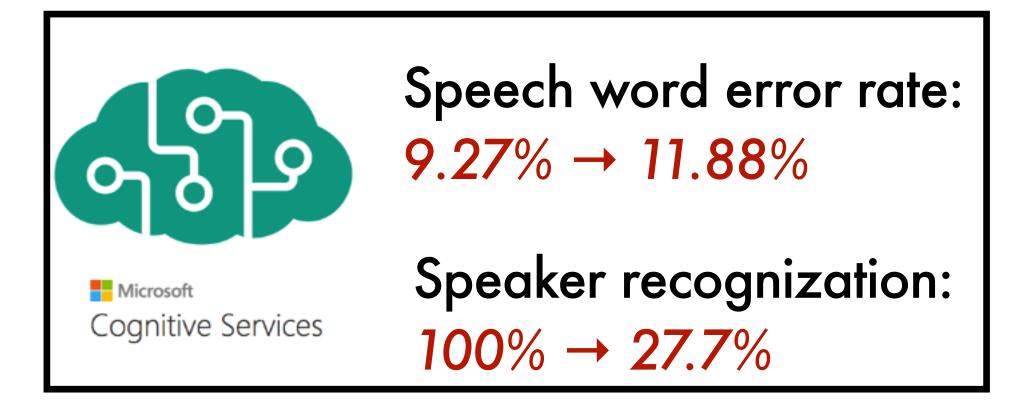
### Utility privacy tradeoff example



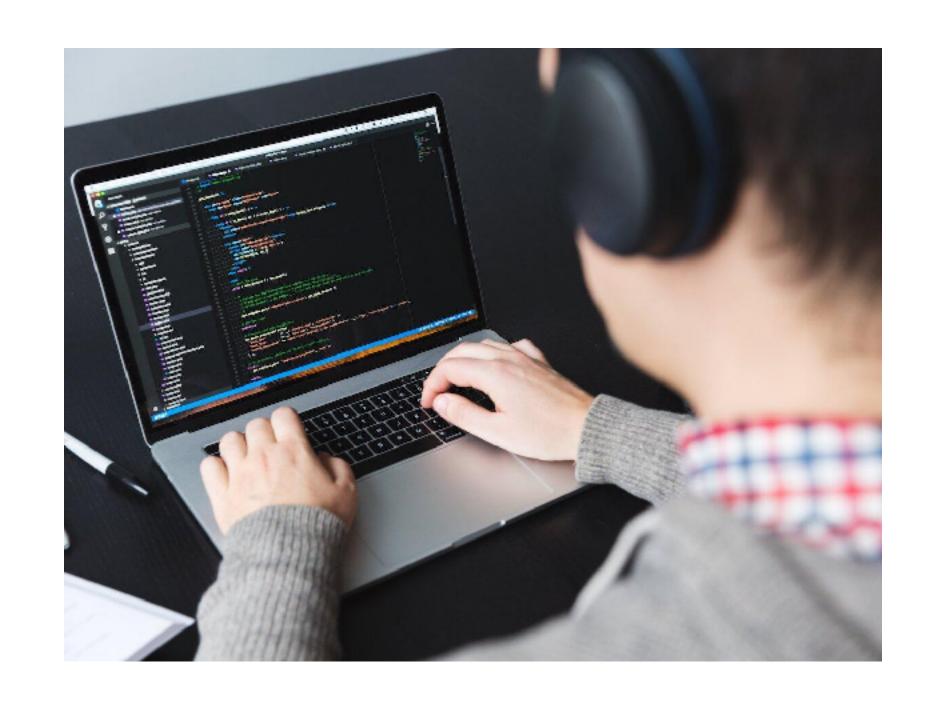
incognito voice assistant

6 speakers 112 audio files [1] noisify

<5% random pitch shift



# Developer studies



Task descriptions

IDE & Unit tests

6 - 15 mins to author a manifest

#### Advantages

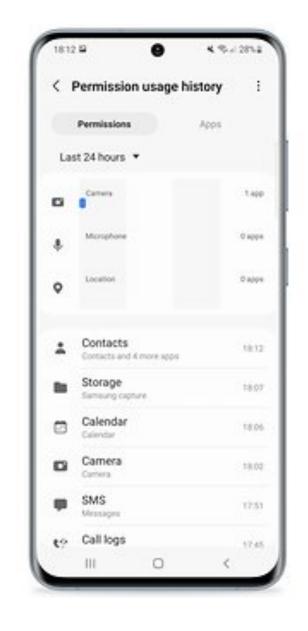
### Manifests enforce fine-grained data collection

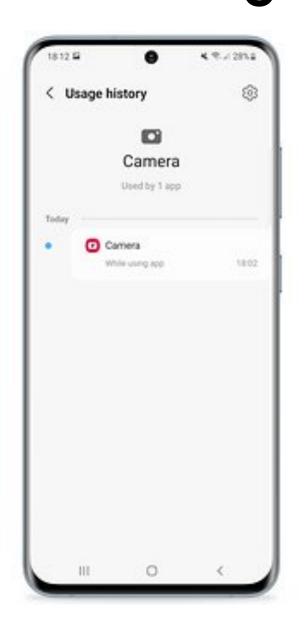
```
@purpose: To measure device engagement.
WeeklyUsageHours{
    // operator [properties]
    inject [weekly] ->
    pull [smart TV driver] ->
    aggregate [sum duration] ->
    post [duration]
}

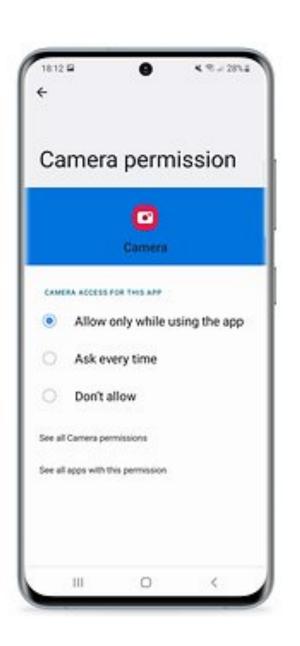
public, non-proprietary
```

#### Repetitive implementation and distributed interfaces

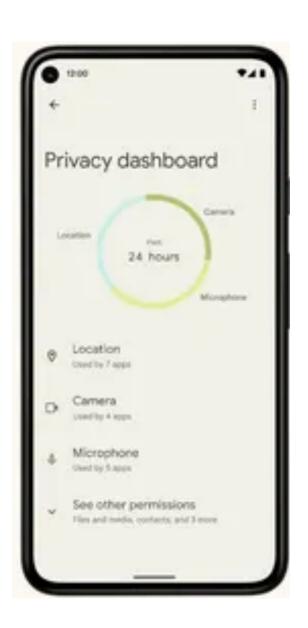
#### Samsung







#### Nest



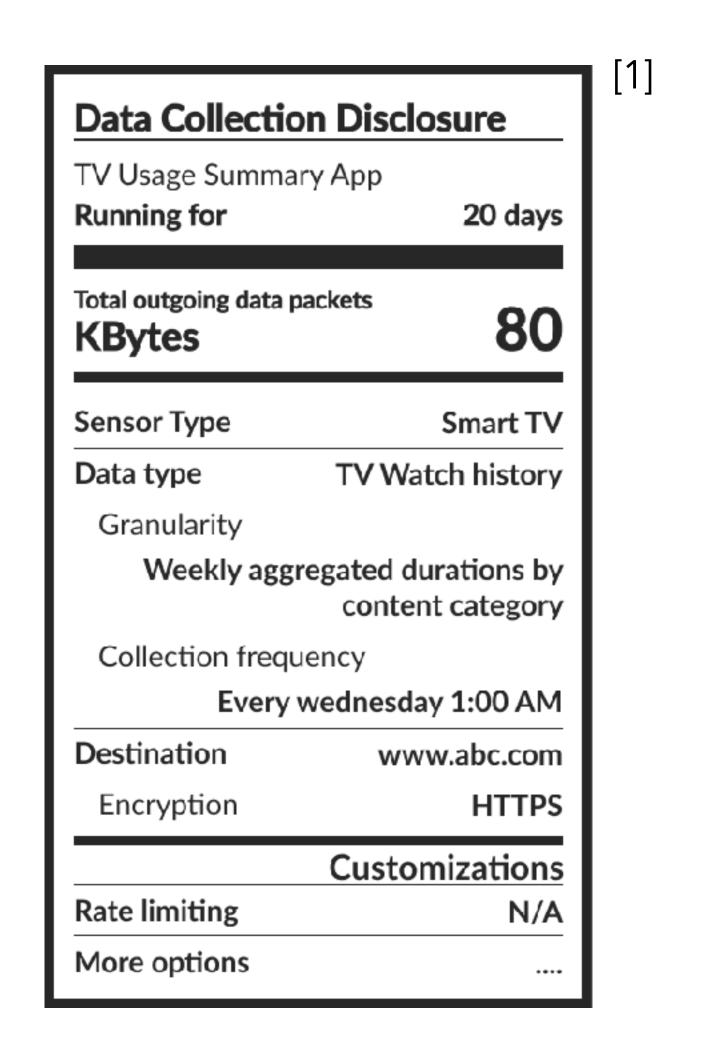
Small developers?

Users?

#### Advantages

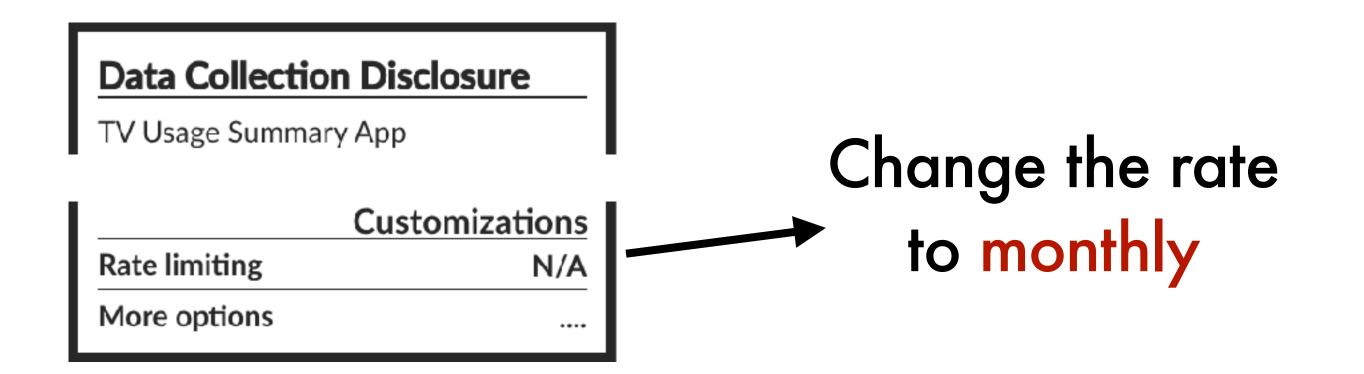
### Manifests → enforceable/dynamic privacy nutrition labels

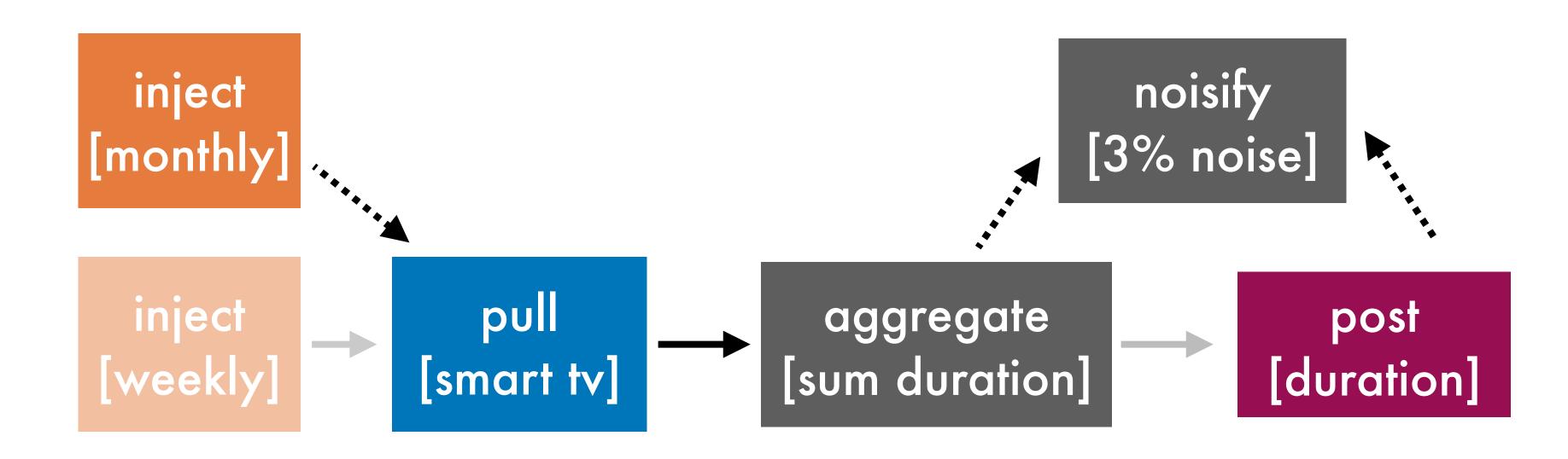
```
@purpose: To measure device engagement.
WeeklyUsageHours{
   // operator [properties]
   inject [weekly] ->
   pull [smart TV driver] ->
   aggregate [sum duration] ->
   post [duration]
}
```



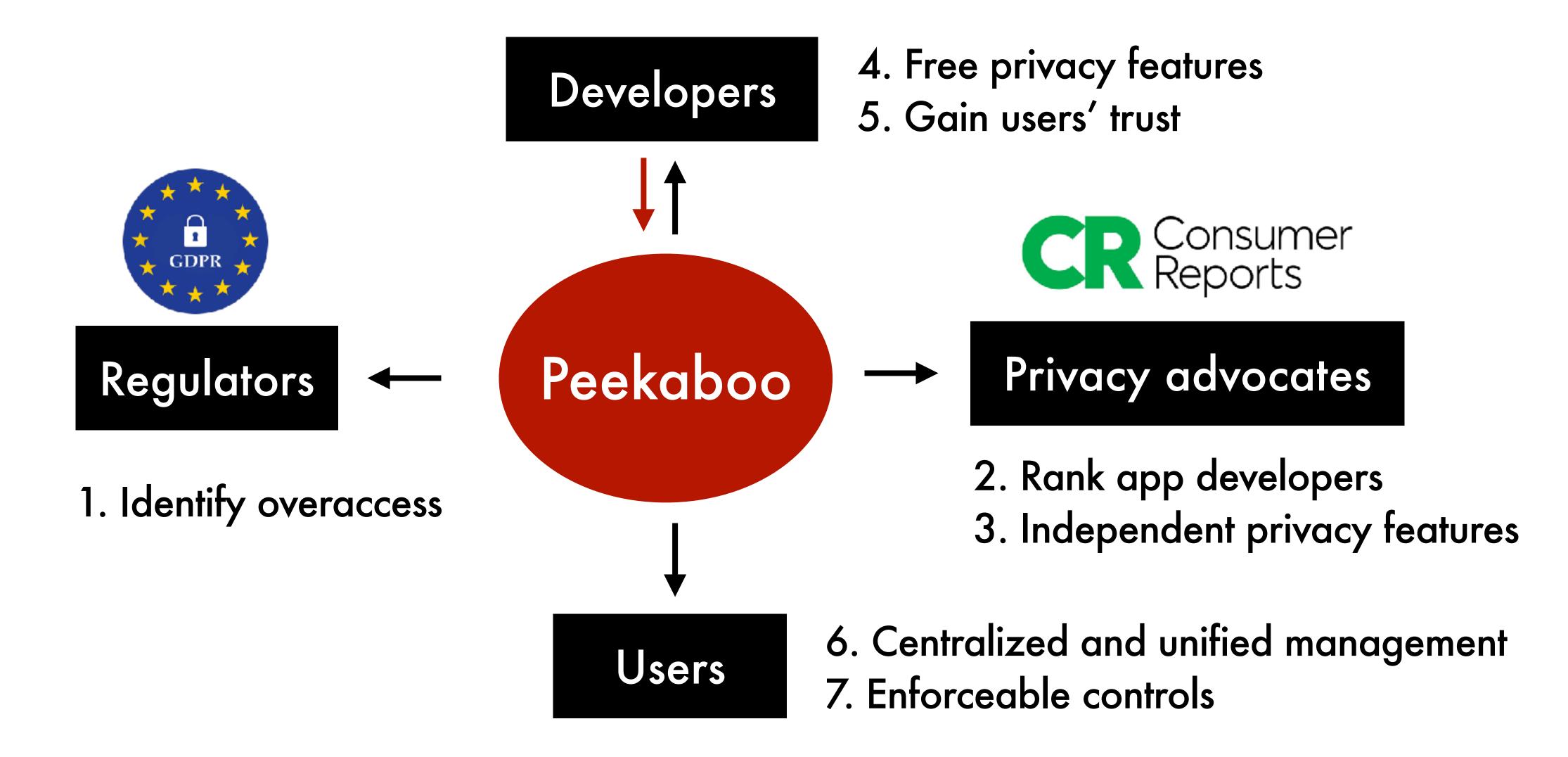
#### Advantages

#### Built-in fine-grained control through manifest rewriting





# Let the good privacy drive out the bad privacy



# Design data access for third-party developers

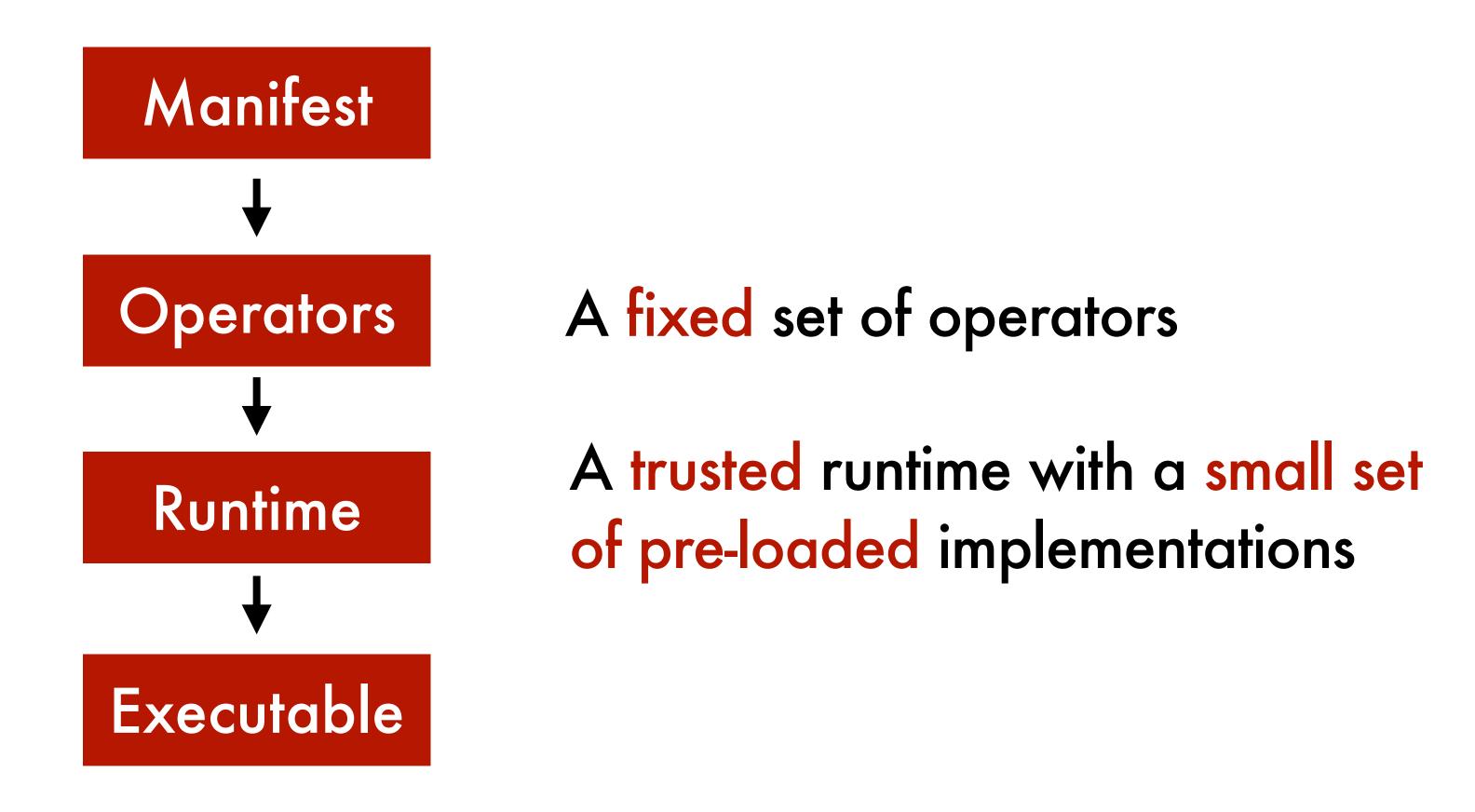
URL-based APIs

GET https://www.googleapis.com/youtube/v3/playlists

Operator-based APIs

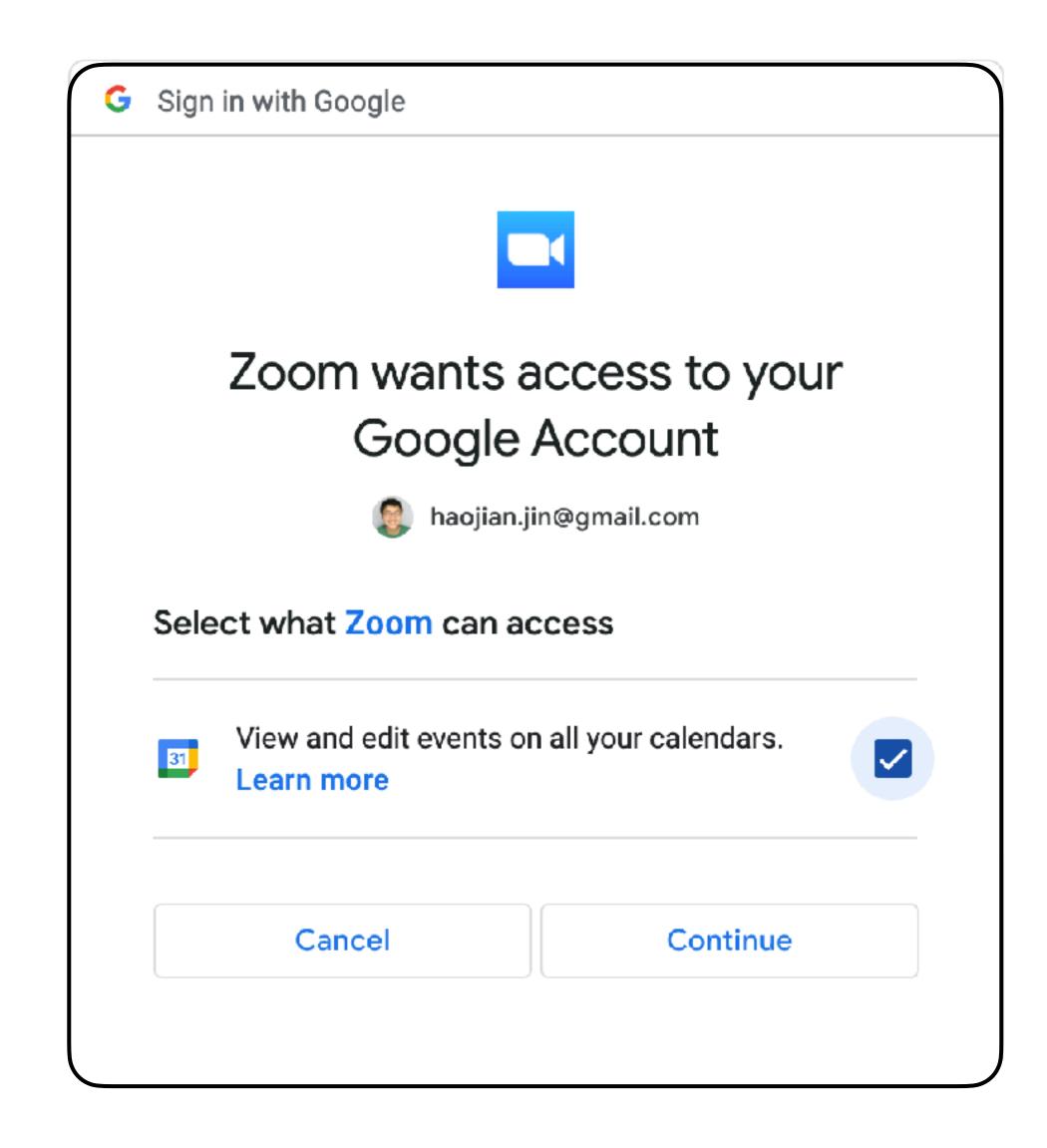
inject → pull → detect → select → post

### Peekaboo recap & implications



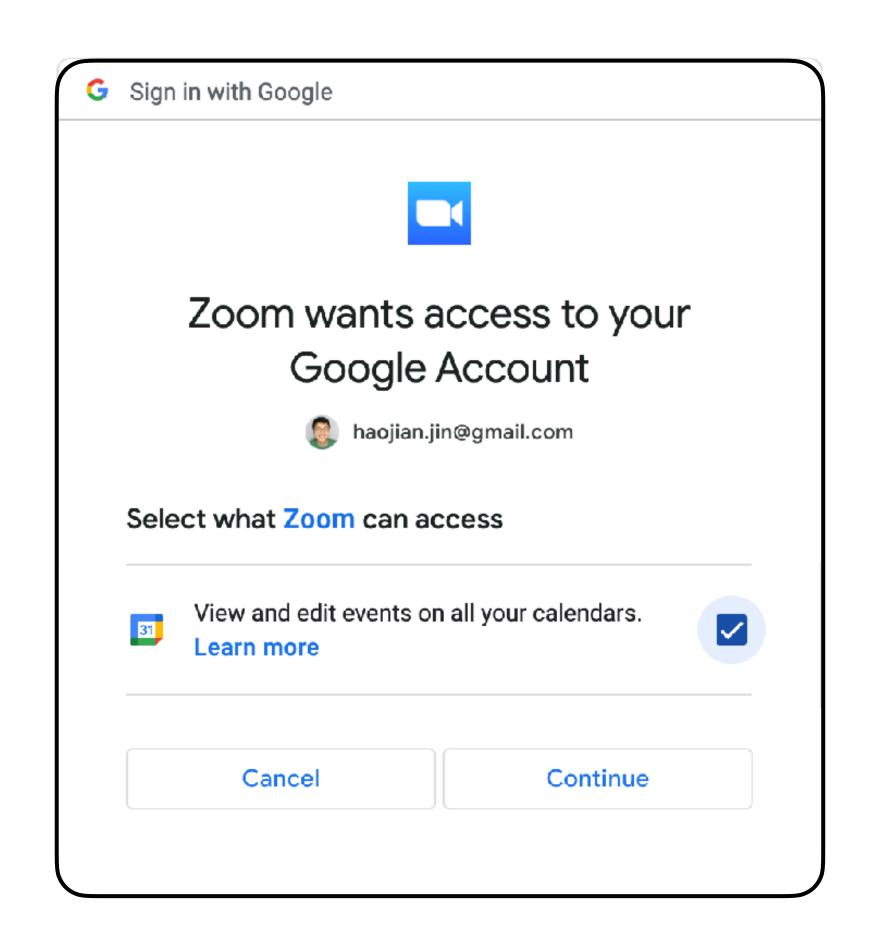
#### Another example

## Zoom accesses all your calendar events continuously!



Calendar events that contain <a href="https://zoom.us/xxxxx">https://zoom.us/xxxxx</a>

#### Future third-party calendar API



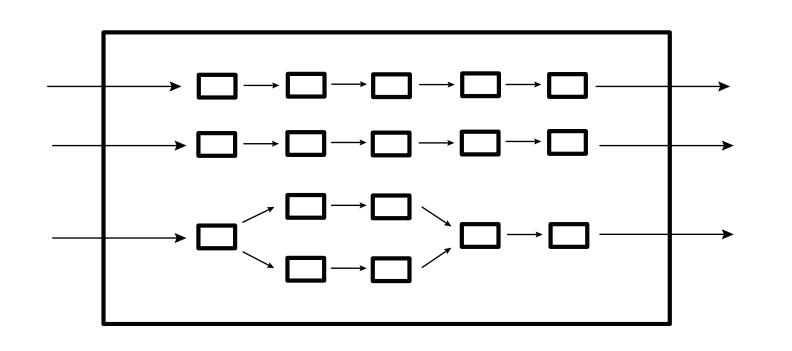


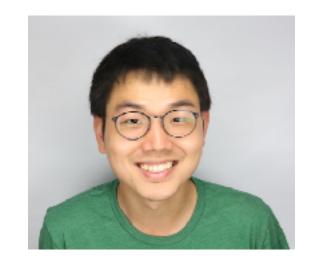
• • •

```
@purpose: The app can access calendar events
which contains a zoom link.
ZoomCalendarIntegration{
   // operator [properties]
   inject[...] -> pull Calendar[...] ->
   check Zoomlink[...] ->
   post [Zoom events]
}
```

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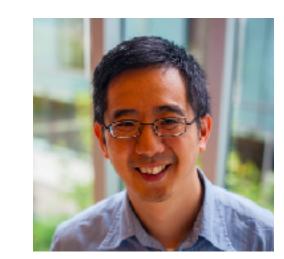
David Hwang



Swarun Kumar



Yuvraj Agarwal



Jason Hong



#### Principle of data minimization

"Personal data shall be limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed."

- GDPR, Article 5 (1) (c)